EYFS Progression of skills and assessment checkpoints - Reading St Bridget's C of E

Word Reading and awareness

Comprehension

Word Reading and awareness of words and text

Birth-Three

Enjoy songs and rhymes, tuning in and paying attention.

- Join in with songs and rhymes, copying sounds, rhythms, tunes and tempo.
- Say some of the words in songs and rhymes.
- Sing songs and say rhymes independently, for example, singing whilst playing.
- Enjoy sharing books with an adult.
- Pay attention and respond to the pictures or the words.
- Have favourite books and seek them out, to share with an adult, with another child, or to look at alone.
- Repeat words and phrases from familiar stories.
- Develop play around favourite stories using props. Notice some print, such as the first letter of their name, a bus or door number, or a familiar logo.

Three- Four Years

Understand the five key concepts about print: - print has meaning - the names of the different parts of a book - print can have different purposes - page sequencing - we read English text from left to right and from top to bottom

• Develop their phonological awareness, so that they can: - spot and suggest rhymes - count or clap syllables in a word - recognise words with the same initial sound, such as money and mother

Reception

Read individual letters by saying the sounds for them.

- Blend sounds into words, so that they can read short words made up of known letter-sound correspondences.
- Read some letter groups that each represent one sound and say sounds for them.
- Read a few common exception words matched to the school's phonic programme.
- Read simple phrases and sentences made up of words with known letter—sound correspondences and, where necessary, a few exception words.
 Re-read these books to build up
- their confidence in word reading, their fluency and their understanding and enjoyment.
- Re-read what they have written to check that it makes sense

Word Reading-ELG.

Say a sound for each letter in the alphabet and at least 10 digraphs.

WR-ELG

- Read words consistent with their phonic knowledge by sound-blending.
 WR-ELG
- Read aloud simple sentences and books that are consistent with their phonic knowledge, including some common exception words. WR-ELG

Verbal rhyming and alliteration	Listens to and enjoys songs and rhymes. Joins in with songs and rhyme and says some of the words.	and rhymes independentles	y. aware I can rhyme I can sugge	Developing phonological awareness so I can hear rhymes. I can then suggest rhymes.		I can count or clap syllables in a word e.g. but/ter/fly cat/er/pill/ar.		n the al	I can read aloud simple rhyming sentences and rhyming books consistent with my phonics knowledge.	
Joining in with stories read to me.	Enjoys sharing books with adults Paying attention the pictures or words in the boo	book that the find to share with others.	vith others. Repeats words rom familiar		demonstr understar meaning have diffe	In conversation I demonstrate that I understand print has meaning and can have different purposes.		I understand text is read left to right and top to bottom and can follow my finger along text, even if I do not know the words.		
Recognisin g print and books.	I know a story can be read to me.	I notice print aro logos or the first name.	und me e.g letter of my	me e.g. I understand print has mean I can read books or be read			ining and d to.	ing and I know the names of the different parts of a book.		
Common exception words	I understand son words cannot be sounded out.		rds linked t	linked to exception are included		read common otion words when they ocluded in simple se or sentence.		I can read simple sen and books that include common exception we		
Reading fluently	some phonological blending sir awareness – for sounds phras		l can read simple hrases and entences in	mple these books develop my		ooks to identify all the sounds		all ords	I can read aloud sentences with good fluency that are	

	words with the	to create	my books	reading and my	books and	in my	matched to my
	same initial sound.	words.	with some	fluency.	10 or more	books that	phonetic ability.
			fluency.		diagraphs.	match to	
					0 1	my	
						phonetic	
						ability.	

Comprehension

Birth-Three

Enjoy songs and rhymes, tuning in and paying attention.

- Join in with songs and rhymes, copying sounds, rhythms, tunes and tempo.
- Say some of the words in songs and rhymes.
- Sing songs and say rhymes independently, for example, singing whilst playing.
- Enjoy sharing books with an adult.
- Pay attention and respond to the pictures or the words.
- Have favourite books and seek them out, to share with an adult, with another child, or to look at alone.
- Repeat words and phrases from familiar stories.
- Ask questions about the book.
 Makes comments and shares their own ideas.
 Develop play around favourite stories using props.
 Notice some print, such as the first letter of their name, a bus or door number, or a familiar logo.

Three- Four Years

Understand the five key concepts about print: - print has meaning - the names of the different parts of a book - print can have different purposes - page sequencing - we read English text from left to right and from top to bottom

- Develop their phonological awareness, so that they can: spot and suggest rhymes count or clap syllables in a word recognise words with the same initial sound, such as money and mother
- Engage in extended conversations about stories, learning new vocabulary.

Reception

Read individual letters by saying the sounds for them.

- Blend sounds into words, so that they can read short words made up of known letter-sound correspondences.
- Read some letter groups that each represent one sound and say sounds for them.
- Read a few common exception words matched to the school's phonic programme.
- Read simple phrases and sentences made up of words with known letter—sound correspondences and, where necessary, a few exception words.
- Re-read these books to build up their confidence in word reading, their fluency and their understanding and enjoyment.

Comprehension- ELG.

Demonstrate understanding of what has been read to them by retelling stories and narratives using their own words and recently introduced vocabulary.

COMP-ELG

- Anticipate (where appropriate) key events in stories. COMP-ELG
- Use and understand recently introduced vocabulary during discussions about stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems and during role play COMP-ELG

				Re-read what they have written to check that it makes sense.			ikes			
Questionin g	Asks simple questions about the book	Engages in conversation about stories while answering questions. Engages in conversation about stories then asks questions.		in qu sh unde	ks more n-depth lestions owing a good erstanding the text.	Asks questions about key events in the story.		Answers more complex questions during discussions about a wide range of texts and answers with confidence and good logic.		
Vocabulary	Joins in with repeated words used in text.	Develops play around favourite stories using props, beginning to use some text related vocab.	Notices words they do not know the meaning of.	Discusses word meanings and links new words to known words.		the teache	ocabulary troduced by e teacher hen read in a		Uses and understands vocabulary that has been introduced through a book correctly and showing a good understanding of events.	
Inference	Looks at the pictures when reading a story.	Beginning to look more in detail at the pictures and talk about what is happening.	Beginning to understand that when answering questions about the text we have to look in the book when guided by the teacher.		inferer character by using and look they are s doing wh	s basic nces on rs feelings pictures king what saying and en guided teacher.	Makes rational anticipations of key events in the story through inferences.		Answers questions about the text that requires them to 'read beyond the text' e.g. why do you think	

Prediction	Sharing own ideas about the texts being read to them.	Beginning to predict what might happen next when prompted.	happe basis happen the cha	en nex s of wl ed so	what will kt on the hat has far e.g. to is or in the plot.	predi the s on previ storie	Make simple predictions from the story based on the story, previously read stories and own ife experiences.		icts key ts in the y either ore the is read during ling the tory.	Explains predictions and justifies why they may happen.
Explaining	Says which stories they wo like to read	ould of stories	s – likes		nk what has ad to them to own rea lif experience	their e	Explain whas been to them in own wor	read and view their characte		es their ideas ws about the rs and events he story.
Retrieval	Looks at the pictures when reading a story.	Beginning to look more in detail at the pictures and talk about what is happening.	Answe simpl questic about ev that ha just happene a stor	e ons vents ave	Understan that pictur offer man clues as t what has happened will happer a text.	es iy in s in or	Recognises characters, events, titles, nages and ke nformation in a text.	dif y be a no an	cognised the ference etween n-fiction d fiction texts.	Retrieves information by finding key words in the text.
Sequencin g	Looks at books from front to back.	Knows we read from left to right, top to bottom.	Can retell a story through images – such as a story map.		Can orall re-tell a sto in their ov words.	ory a simple sto		- sto	ory remem letails and ncluding s	nce a class bering some key events tory specific lary too.